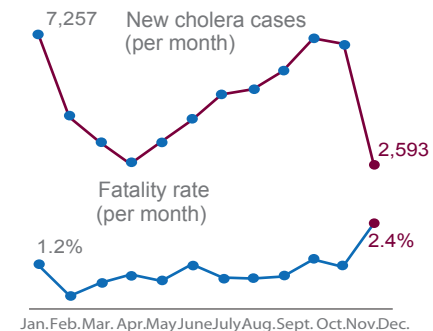




Overview of the cholera situation from January to December 2013

58,505 suspected cholera cases and 610 deaths were reported from January to December 2013 bringing the total number of people affected since the outbreak of the epidemic in October 2010 to 698,304 suspected cholera cases as of 31 January 2014, with 8,562 reported deaths. While a progressive increase to a weekly average of over 1,000 new suspected cases was reported since April 2013 throughout the rainy and hurricane season, the number of cases started to decline again in the third week of December with the start of the dry season. The incidence and mortality rates of 2013 show a downward trend compared to 2012 which reflects the positive impact of efforts being deployed by the government, the UN and humanitarian partners to date. Yet, despite these advances, Haiti still reported more cholera cases in 2013 than the entire continent of Africa, which is 100 times more populated. Whilst overall incidence and fatality rates have been reduced, institutional fatality rates (the number of suspected cholera victims who die in cholera treatment facilities) increased in 2013 from a yearly average of 0.83% registered in 2012 to a yearly average of 1.07% in 2013.

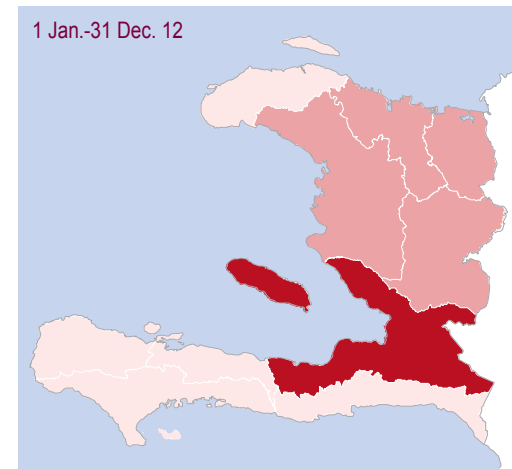
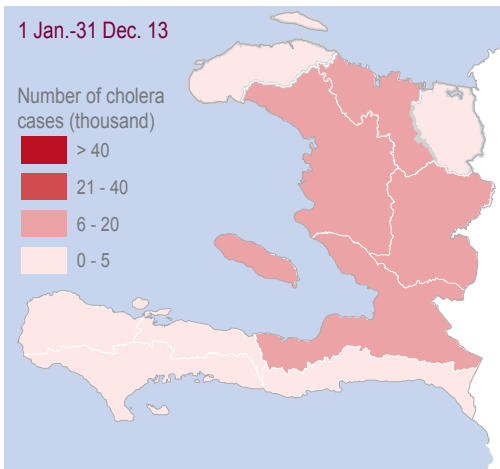
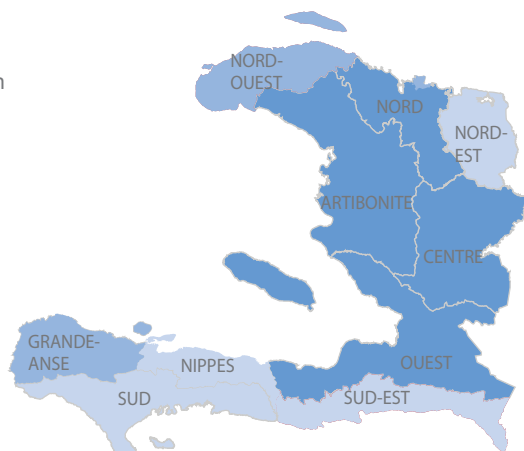


Priority areas

from January to December 2013

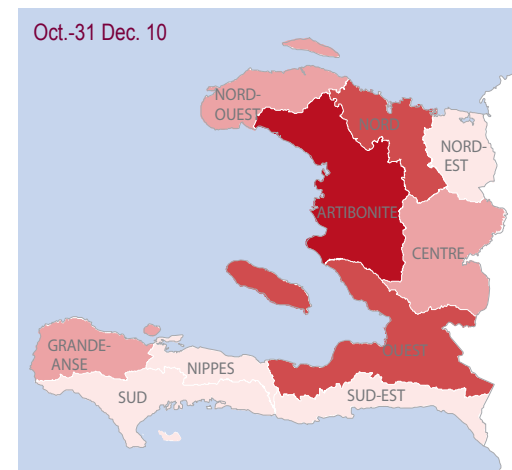
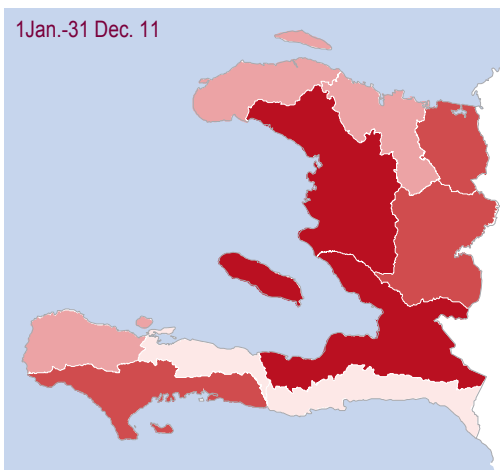
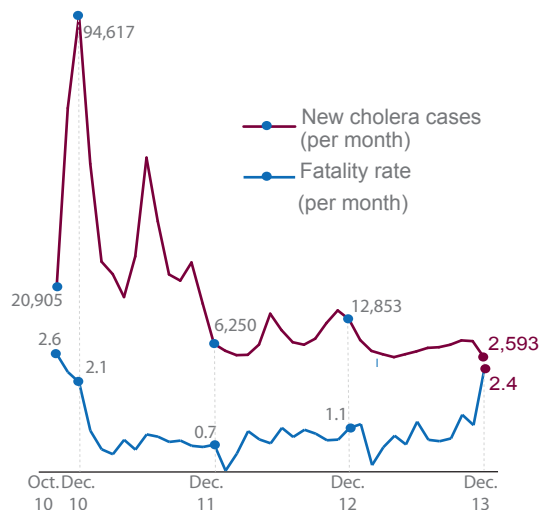
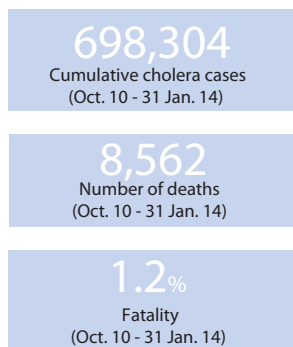
Based on number of cholera cases in departement

- High
- Medium
- Low



Cholera in Haïti

(Oct. 2010 - 31 Jan. 2014)

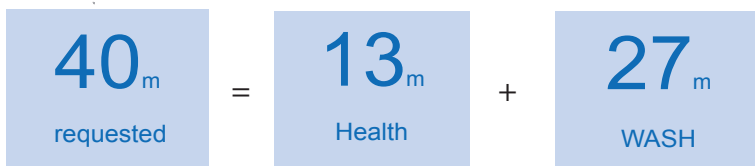




HAITI: Cholera response

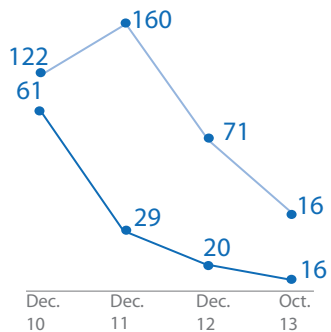
Current response to cholera - HAP 2014 strategy

Requirements in 2014 (m = million \$ US)



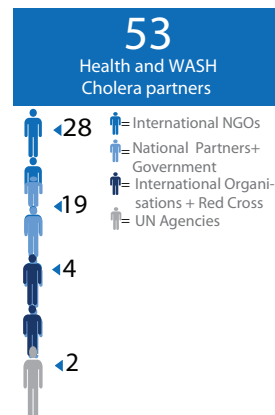
Number of Cholera Treatment structures (CTC and CTU) from 2010 to October 2013

■ Cholera Treatment Center (CTC)
■ Cholera Treatment Unit (CTU)



Partners in cholera response in 2014

(Partners registered with OCHA and the cluster system in Haiti (January 2014))



of organisations per department (January 2014)

| | |
|-------------|----|
| West | 27 |
| Artibonite | 12 |
| North | 18 |
| Sud | 8 |
| North-West | 10 |
| Centre | 8 |
| Grande-Anse | 6 |
| North-East | 6 |
| South-East | 6 |
| Nippes | 12 |

| | # CTCs* (Oct. 2013) | # CTUs* (Oct. 2013) | # CTDA*s (Oct. 2013) |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Ouest | 7 | 5 | 16 |
| Artibonite | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| Nord | 1 | - | 18 |
| Sud | 1 | 7 | 3 |
| Nord-Ouest | 2 | - | 10 |
| Centre | - | 1 | 13 |
| Grande-Anse | 3 | 2 | 10 |
| Nord-Est | 1 | - | 16 |
| Sud-Est | - | - | 9 |
| Nippes | - | - | 8 |
| TOTAL | 16 | 16 | 118 |

Plan for the elimination of cholera in Haiti (Contingency plan, 2 year plan and 10 year plan) (m = million \$ US)

10 year plan

2.2 billion USD to eliminate cholera in Haiti

The Government of Haiti launched on 27 February the 10 year cholera elimination plan.

The plan aims to tackle the conditions that make the transmission of cholera in Haiti possible by improving access to water, sanitation, hygiene and health care facilities for 80-90% of the Haitian population.

Health

269 m of requirement

WASH

1.9 billion of requirement

2 year plan

448 million USD to reduce incidence of cholera

The 2 year operational plan is the first phase of implementation of the cholera elimination plan and prioritizes key short-term objectives related to mitigation efforts to contain the disease.

This plan aims to reduce the incidence of cholera from 3 to 0.5 per cent and to achieve 80 per cent coverage of treated water in cholera affected areas.

Health

125 m of requirement

WASH

323 m of requirement

1 year HAP

40 million USD for emergency cholera preparedness response

The HAP 2014 includes a section on cholera in direct support to the two-year national plan. It prioritizes life-saving response efforts to be implemented by UN partners and NGOs in support and complement to the GoH.

Health

13 m of requirement

WASH

27 m of requirement

The HAP aims at maintaining cholera fatality rates a below 1% through rapid responses to cholera alerts, prevention and case management.

* CTC Cholera Treatment Center, UTC Cholera Treatment Unit, CTDA Treatment Center for Acute Diarrhea